

B.SC. FIFTH SEMESTER (HONS.) EXAMINATION 2021

Subject: MATHEMATICS

Course ID: 52112

Course Title: Group Theory – II

Course Code: SH/MTH/502/C-12

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

Notations and symbols have their usual meaning

- 1. Answer any FIVE of the following questions: (2 × 5 = 10)**
- a) Find the kernel of a group action.
 - b) Show that a cyclic group of order 4 cannot be expressed as an internal direct product of two subgroups of order 2.
 - c) Find the group $Aut(\mathbb{Z}_8)$.
 - d) Show by an example that the external direct product of two cyclic groups may not be cyclic.
 - e) Let G be a group and $a \in G$. Then prove that $Z(G) \subseteq C(a)$.
 - f) Define ap -group with example.
 - g) Let Q_8 denote the quaternion group of order 8. Find $Z(Q_8)$.
 - h) Let G be a non-commutative group of order p^3 where p is a prime. Then prove that $|Z(G)| = p$.
- 2. Answer any FOUR of the following questions: (5 × 4 = 20)**
- a) Prove that every group of order $3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$ is abelian.
 - b) (i) Show that $|Aut(\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2)| = 6$.
(ii) Prove that the characteristic subgroups are normal. (3+2)
 - c) (i) Let G be a finite p -group with $|G| > 1$. Then prove that $|Z(G)| > 1$.
(ii) Let G be a finite group of order p^n where p is a prime and $n \geq 1$. Prove that any subgroup of G of order p^{n-1} is a normal subgroup of G . (3+2)
 - d) (i) Prove that S_3 is not isomorphic to a direct product of two non-trivial groups.
(ii) Prove that $(\mathbb{Q}, +)$ is not isomorphic to a direct product of two non-trivial groups. (3+2)
 - e) Determine which of the following cannot be the class equation of a group:
(i) $10 = 1+1+1+2+5$ (ii) $4 = 1+1+2$ (iii) $8 = 1+1+3+3$ (iv) $6 = 1+2+3$.
 - f) (i) Show that a Sylow 11-subgroup of G of order 44 is normal in G .
(ii) How many elements of order 7 are there in a simple group of order 168? (2+3)

3. Answer any ONE of the following questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- a)** (i) Let G be a finite group and let N be a normal abelian subgroup of G . Suppose that the orders of G/N and $\text{Aut}(N)$ are relatively prime. Prove that N is contained in the center of G .
- (ii) Show that a group of order 96 has a normal subgroup of order 16 or 32.
- (iii) Find the order of each element in the group $D_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$. (5+3+2)
- b)** (i) Let G be a group and S be a G -set. Then show that $[G:G_a] = |[a]| \quad \forall a \in S$.
- (ii) If G is a simple group of order 60, then show that $G \cong A_5$. (3+7)
