#### SH-III/BCA-303/19

# BCA 3rd Semester (Honours) Examination, 2019-20 BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION

Course ID: Course Code: BCA-303

Course Title: Object Oriented Programming using C++

Time: 4 Hours Full Marks: 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## Group-A

**1.** Answer *all* the questions:

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

- (i) The explicit keyword is an optional decorations for the constructors that takes exactly \_\_\_\_\_ arguments.
  - (a) No
  - (b) Two
  - (c) Three
  - (d) One
  - (e) None of the above
- (ii) Which of the following statements are not true about destructor?
  - (a) It is invoked when object goes out of the scope.
  - (b) Like constructor, it can also have parameters.
  - (c) It can be virtual.
  - (d) It bears same name as class name and preceeds a lilde (lamda) operator (sign).
  - (e) None of the above
- (iii) Assume class test which of the following statements is/are responsible to invoke copy constructor?
  - (a) Test T2(T1)
  - (b) Test T4=T1
  - (c) T2=T1
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
  - (e) None of the above
- (iv) A constructer does not have any parameters is called \_\_\_\_\_ constructor.
  - (a) Custom
  - (b) Dynamic
  - (c) Static
  - (d) Default
  - (e) None of the above

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- (v) Which of the following are true about constructors?
  - (a) A class can have more than one constructors.
  - (b) They can be inherited.
  - (c) Their address can be returned.
  - (d) Constructors cannot be declared in protected section of the class.
  - (e) Constructors cannot return values.
- (vi) If default constructor is not defined then how the objects of the class will be created?
  - (a) The compiler will generate error.
  - (b) Error will occur at run time.
  - (c) Compiler provides its default constructor to build the object.
  - (d) All of the above
  - (e) None of the above
- (vii) Which of the following type of class allows only one object of it to be created?
  - (a) Virtual class
  - (b) Abstract class
  - (c) Singleton class
  - (d) Friend class
  - (e) None of the above
- (viii) Which of the following is not type of constructor?
  - (a) Copy constructor
  - (b) Friend constructor
  - (c) Default constructor
  - (d) Parametarized constructor
  - (e) None of the above
  - (ix) How many instances of an abstract class can be created?
    - (a) 1
    - (b) 5
    - (c) 13
    - (d) 0
    - (e) None of the above
  - (x) Which of the following is an abstract data type?
    - (a) int
    - (b) double
    - (c) string
    - (d) class
    - (e) None of the above

# Group-B

2. Answer <i>any ten</i> questions: 2×		2×10=20
(i)	What is C++?	
(ii)	What is class?	
(iii)	What is function?	
(iv)	What is function overloading?	
(v)	Define implicit and explicit type conversion.	
(vi)	What is encapsulation?	
(vii)	What is message passing?	
(viii)	List down the application of OOP.	
(ix)	What is in line function?	
(x)	Define Enumerated data type.	
(xi)	What is abstract data type?	
(xii)	Write down the difference between while and do-while loop.	
(xiii)	Explain Public visibility.	
(xiv)	Write down the differences between Constructor and Destructor.	
(xv)	Define Polymorphism.	
	Group-C	
<b>3.</b> Ans	ver any four questions:	5×4=20
(i)	Write a class template to implement stack in C++.	5
(ii)	State the difference between C and C++.	
(iii)	When I write a destructor, do I need to explicitly call the destructors for my member object?	
(iv)	Is there any different between List X and List X():?	
(v)	What do you mean by dynamic initialization of objects? Why do we need to do this? 3+2=	
(vi)	(a) What are objects? How are they created?	
	(b) How is a member function of a class defined?	2½+2½=5
	Group-D	
<b>4.</b> Ans	4. Answer <i>any three</i> questions: 10×3=30	
	Write a program to check working of constructor and destructors in multiple inheritance.	
	(a) But operator overloading makes my class look ugly; is not it suppose clearer?	
	(b) What are some examples of operator overloading?	6+4=10
(iii)	(a) What is the difference between int $*f()$ and int( $*f()$ )?	
	(b) Write down the effect of $*P + +$ where P is a pointer to integer	
	(c) What is the difference between parameter and argument?	3+3+4=1(

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(4)

- (iv) (a) What is the difference between class and structure?
  - (b) What is difference between realloc () and free ()?
  - (c) Explain public, private and protected access specifier with example.

3+3+4=10

- (v) (a) What is the difference between operator new and new operator?
  - (b) What happens to the member function in the class when copy constructor is invoked?
  - (c) What is the difference between block structured language and highly block structured language?
  - (d) How you will defect if there is memory leak in your C++ program.

4+2+2+2=10

(vi) Write short notes on any two:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (a) Exception handling
- (b) History of C++ language
- (c) Memory holes